



BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebański

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

Recent results on BF gravity

Merced Montesinos

(Mercedes Velázquez, Mariano Celada, Diego González, Daniel Higuera, Bogar Díaz)

Cinvestav

Mexi-Lazos 2012

Centro de Ciencias Matemáticas, UNAM, Morelia

November 9th, 2012

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebański

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

- 1 Coupling of matter fields to BF gravity
- 2 Geometrical meaning of Krasnov's modification of Plebański
- 3 From gauge theories to gravity theories
- 4 Hamiltonian analysis of BF gravity
- 5 BF gravity with boundaries
- 6 Lagrangian approach to the physical degree of freedom count

Action principle

- BF: $S[B, A, \phi, \mu] = \int_M \left(B^{IJ} \wedge F_{IJ}[A] - \phi_{IJKL} B^{IJ} \wedge B^{KL} + \mu H(\phi) \right);$
 $H(\phi) = a_1 \phi^I{}_J + a_2 \epsilon^{IJKL} \phi_{IJKL}.$

PRD 81, 044033 (2010); PRD 85 064011 (2012) [Mercedes Velázquez's PhD thesis]

- Cosmological constant
- Scalar field
- Maxwell field
- Yang-Mills field
- fermions (in progress, Mariano Celada)

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebański

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

$$S = \int \left(B_i \wedge F^i[A] - \frac{1}{2} C_{ij} B^i \wedge B^j - \frac{1}{6} (\Lambda + 3\Psi) \delta_{ij} B^i \wedge B^j \right),$$

$$\Psi = \Psi(\text{tr}C^2, \text{tr}C^3).$$

- *Perturbative* analysis in CQG **27**, 145011 (2010). All the fields are expanded around a point that represents Plebański theory.
- *Exact* analysis in Mercedes Velázquez's PhD thesis and Diego González's MSc thesis.
- Exact analysis is simpler and clearer than the perturbative one.
- B 's: The splitting of the self-dual subspaces is a "kind of rotation" with respect to the splitting in the Plebański case.
- A^i : The internal connection is linked to a space-time connection exactly like in the Plebański theory.

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebański

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

- Plebański theory, Krasnov's modification, pure-spin connection formulation, etc ... are examples of *gauge theories* that are also diffeomorphism invariant.
- Space-time notions such as spacetime metric, spacetime connection, etc simply do *not* exist.
- The link between internal or gauge geometrical structures and spacetime concepts is *not* natural, it does *not* come out from only handling the original equations of motion; it is imposed by *hand*.
- Plebański theory has been re-analysed in detail (Diego González's talk)

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebanski

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

- Equivalence between the two forms the Immirzi parameter is introduced at Lagrangian level [Merced's Velázquez's PhD thesis and SIGMA 7, 103 (2011)].
- The point above was explored at Hamiltonian level in Mariano Celada's MSc thesis and CGQ 29, 205010 (2012) [Mariano Celada's talk]
- Relationship with other approaches, for instance, with the work of Alejandro Perez (coming living review 2012) [in progress].
- Same thing for the couplings of matter fields to BF gravity.

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebański

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

- Boundaries are natural in general relativity.
- Our approach is based on the covariant canonical formalism.
- Previous works by Momen, Husain-Major, etc ...
- Bering idea ...



Lagrangian approach to the physical dfg

BF Gravity

Merced
Montesinos

Coupling of
matter fields to
BF gravity

Geometrical
meaning of
Krasnov's
modification of
Plebanski

From gauge
theories to
gravity theories

Hamiltonian
analysis of BF
gravity

BF gravity with
boundaries

Lagrangian
approach to the
physical degree
of freedom
count

- Alternative method to Dirac's one that allows us to count the number of physical degrees of freedom.
- It is combination of Noether's theorem and "Lagrangian constraints".
- Particle systems and non-explicitly covariant field theory (Daniel Higuera's MSc thesis).
- The method has been extended recently and now it is explicitly covariant. It works!
- The covariant method has been applied to BF theory with and without cosmological constant.
- The method has been applied to "Holst term": $De^I = 0$ and $R^I{}_J[\omega] \wedge e^J = 0$. It is much easier than PRD **81** 064033 (2010).